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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/052,104	01/16/2002	Shih-Tsung Yang	04939P019	9853
7590 11/05/2003			EXAMINER	
Samir A. Bhavsar, Esq. Baker Botts L. LP			SHINGLETON, MICHAEL B	
2001 Ross Avenue, Suite 600			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Dallas, TX 75201-2980			2817	

DATE MAILED: 11/05/2003

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	, application 110.	Yang et al.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Group Art Unit	
	SHINGL	ETON 2817	
-The MAILING DATE of this communication appears	on the cover sheet be	eneath the correspondence address—	
P riod for Reply			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO DF THIS COMMUNICATION.	EXPIRE Three	MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE	
 Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. from the mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a replif NO period for reply is specified above, such period shall, by default, Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statuenty and period by the Office later than three months after the mailing term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). 	ely within the statutory min expire SIX (6) MONTHS fro te, cause the application t	imum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. om the mailing date of this communication. o become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status O P 3	2007		
Responsive to communication(s) filed on9 -8-2	2003		
☐ This action is FINAL.			
 Since this application is in condition for allowance except f accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935. 			
Disposition of Claims			
∠ Claim(s) 1 - 37	e /are pending in the application.		
Of the above claim(s)	is/are withdrawn from consideration.	extstyle ext	
A Claim(s) 31-37			
Claim(s) 7,5,7-15,17, 20, 22-30			
□ Claim(s)		are subject to restriction or election requirement	
Application Papers ☐ The proposed drawing correction, filed on	is 🗆 approved	·	
☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are objecte		□ disapproved.	
☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.	d to by the Examiner		
☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.			
		·	
Pri rity under 35 U.S.C. § 119 (a)-(d) ☐ Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority un	dor 25 11 C C & 110 (a)	(4)	
☐ All ☐ Some* ☐ None of the:	dei 00 0.0.0. g 1 19 (a)	(a).	
☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been rec	ceived.		
☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been rec	,	o	
☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents	have been received		
in this national stage application from the International I	Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2	(a))	
*Certified copies not received:			
Attachment(s)	~		
Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449, Paper No(s	s). <u> </u>	nt rview Summary, PTO-413	
Notice of Reference(s) Cited, PTO-892		lotice of Informal Patent Application, PTO-15	52
☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-948	· 🗆 C	th r	
Office Act	ion Summary		
Patent and Trademark Office			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Zuta 5,182,528 (Zuta).

Zuta discloses a method having the steps of dividing a frequency range into a plurality of bands of interest (R1-R4, See Figure 3), measuring via element 40 a frequency of a voltage controlled oscillator (VCO) for a plurality of capacitance value/voltage level combinations to obtain a set of capacitance values and a corresponding set of frequency values for a set of voltage levels as is clearly illustrated in Figures 1, 2, and 3, selecting a capacitance value via item 64 such that a corresponding frequency range covers the frequency band of interest (Note the sloped voltage vs frequency curves for each frequency band of interest as shown in Figure 3.), the corresponding frequency range determined by an output voltage AV of a digital to analog converter 66 (See column 4, lines 41-47), and repeating operation of selecting a capacitance value via item 64 for each frequency band of interest.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 3, 4, and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Zuta 5,182,528 (Zuta).

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The same reasoning as applied in the above 35 USC 102 rejection of claims and the following:

Zuta is silent on the exact operating frequency range of the device. The selection of the operating range or optimum range involves but routine skill in the art.

Thus it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to operate the VCO of Zuta in the 2200 MHz to 2600 MHz range because this is the selection of the optimum or workable range that involves but routine skill in the art.

Zuta shows four frequency bands of interest in Figure 3 thereof. Claims recite six and 16 bands of interest. The selection of the number of bands is merely the selection of the optimum or workable range that involves but routine skill in the art at the time the invention was made and accordingly is the mere selection of how "wide" to make the frequency range of interest. In other words in applications where a smaller bandwidth can be used then the frequency range of interest does not have to be a large and there can be more frequency bands.

Likewise it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to select the number of bands to be six or 16 since this merely selects the optimum or workable range for the bandwidth of the individual "frequency range of interest" and accordingly, this selection of the optimum or workable range, i.e. making the most use of the total frequency range for a particular application, involves but routine skill in the art.

Claims 16, 18, 19, and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Zuta 5,182,528 (Zuta) in view of Feulner et al. 6,366,393 (Feulner).

The same reasoning as applied in the above 35 USC 102 rejection of claims and the following:

Zuta is silent on implementing the device as a machine-readable medium containing instructions which, when executed by a processor, cause the processor to perform a method, in which the method is defined by the actions of the actual device.

It is long held that implementing the device as a machine readable medium having all the method steps as defined by the device is an art recognized equivalent structure to the actual device itself (See the top of column 13 of Feulner).

Thus it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to implement the device of Zuta as a machine readable medium containing instructions which, when

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executed by a processor, cause the processor to perform a method defined by the actual device because, such an implementation is an art recognized equivalent implementation of the actual device and method associated with the actual device as taught by Feulner.

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Zuta shows four frequency bands of interest in Figure 3 thereof. Claims recite six and 16 bands of interest. The selection of the number of bands is merely the selection of the optimum or workable range that involves but routine skill in the art at the time the invention was made and accordingly is the mere selection of how "wide" to make the frequency range of interest. In other words in applications where a smaller bandwidth can be used then the frequency range of interest does not have to be a large and there can be more frequency bands.

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Claims 2, 5, 7-15, 17, 20, 22-30 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Claims 31-37 are allowed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael B. Shingleton whose telephone number is 703-308-4903. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday from 8:00 to 4:30. The examiner can also be reached on alternate Fridays.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert Pascal, can be reached on (703) 308-4909. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-308-7722.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0956.

MBS Oct 27, 2003

MICHAEL BOSSINGLETON
PRIMARY EXAMENER
OROUPARTHNITORIT

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